Package: TACforecasting (via r-universe)

October 13, 2024
Version 0.0.1
Title Forecasting Functions for the Transport Accident Commission
Description Functions to make hierarchical time series forecasts of attendant care hours easier.
Depends R (>= 4.2.0), tsibble, fabletools
Imports abind, distributional, dplyr, forcats, forecast, furrr, ggplot2, hts, janitor, lubridate, MASS, purrr, readr, stringr, tibble, tidyr, tsbox
LazyData yes
ByteCompile TRUE
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/robjhyndman/TAC_forecasting/issues License GPL-3</pre>
<pre>URL https://pkg.robjhyndman.com/TACforecasting/, https://github.com/robjhyndman/TACforecasting/</pre>
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
Config/testthat/edition 3
Repository https://robjhyndman.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/robjhyndman/TACforecasting
RemoteRef HEAD
RemoteSha 8e5ea07ad49dd25f0f58f47f2d54ce711208e520
Contents
get_forecasts group_costs plot_forecasts plot_total_hours
read_tac_data

group_costs

Index 7

get_forecasts

Generate forecasts of attendant care hours

Description

Generate forecasts from ETS and ARIMA models, reconcile them, and combine them. Return a fable object containing the forecasts.

Usage

```
get_forecasts(data, h, nsim)
```

Arguments

data Data set computed from read_tac_data

h Forecast horizon.

nsim Number of simulated future sample paths per model.

group_costs

Synthetic data for attendant hours by age group and injury group

Description

Artificial Transport Accident Commission attendant care data

Format

Time series of class 'tsibble'

Details

group_costs is a daily 'tsibble' with index 'billing_period' and two values:

adjusted_hours: Total attendant care hours nclaims: Number of active claims

The data is disaggregated using two keys:

age_group: Age group of client at the time of accident injury_group: Injury sustained by client due to accident

plot_forecasts 3

Source

Synthetic data

Examples

```
group_costs
```

plot_forecasts

Plot forecasts of attendant care hours disaggregated by age or injury group.

Description

Produce a time plot of attendant care hours per billing period for specific disaggregations.

Usage

```
plot_forecasts(
  forecasts,
  data,
  show_age_group = "<aggregated>",
  show_injury_group = "<aggregated>")
```

Arguments

forecasts A fable object created by get_forecasts

same form as group_costs.

show_age_group A character string specifying either a specific age group or "<aggregated>"

meaning the total across all age groups.

show_injury_group

A character string specifying either a specific injury group or "<aggregated>"

meaning the total across all injury groups.

Author(s)

Rob J Hyndman

Examples

```
## Not run:
    group_costs |>
    get_forecasts(h=13, nsim=100) |>
    plot_forecasts(group_costs)
## End(Not run)
```

4 read_tac_data

plot_total_hours

Plot attendant care hours disaggregated by age or injury group.

Description

Produce a time plot of attendant care hours per billing period disaggregated by the given 'variable'

Usage

```
plot_total_hours(group_costs, variable = NULL, include_average = TRUE)
```

Arguments

group_costs A tsibble containing costs optionally split by a variable

variable Name of disaggregation variable. If NULL, aggregated costs are shown

include_average

Should the average cost per billing period be shown?

Author(s)

Rob J Hyndman

Examples

```
group_costs |>
  plot_total_hours(age_group)
```

read_tac_data

Read in TAC data

Description

This function takes two csv files as inputs: one containing the claims header and the other containing the attendant hours. It returns total hours per age group and injury group by billing period.

Usage

```
read_tac_data(claims_file, costs_file)
```

Arguments

claims_file CSV file containing claims header costs_file CSV file containing attendant hours

tac_accuracy 5

Value

A tsibble object containing total attendant care adjusted hours for each billing period, disaggregated by age group and injury group. The column 'nclaims' shows the number of "active" claims in each billing period.

Author(s)

Rob J Hyndman

Examples

```
## Not run:
group_costs <- read_tac_data(
   claims_file = "T086_claim_header.csv",
   costs_file = "T086_attendant_care_hours.csv"
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tac_accuracy

Compute accuracy statistics

Description

Compute accuracy statistics

Usage

```
tac_accuracy(forecasts, actuals)
```

Arguments

forecasts A fable object with forecasts, usually the output from get_forecasts
actuals A tsibble with actual values. For example, the output from read_tac_data

Value

A tibble with accuracy statistics

6 tscv_accuracy

tscv_accuracy	Compute forecasts with a rolling origin and return accuracy statistics

Description

Compute forecasts with a rolling origin and return accuracy statistics

Usage

```
tscv_accuracy(group_costs, h, nsim, init, step)
```

Arguments

group_costs	A tsibble with actual values. For example, the output from read_tac_data
h	The forecast horizon
nsim	The number of simulations used in each forecast for each model.
init	The number of initial observations to use for the first fold.
sten	The number of observations to skip between each fold.

Value

A tibble with accuracy statistics.

Index

```
* datasets
group_costs, 2
get_forecasts, 2, 3, 5
group_costs, 2, 3
plot_forecasts, 3
plot_total_hours, 4
read_tac_data, 2, 4, 5, 6
tac_accuracy, 5
tscv_accuracy, 6
```